



IPCR



NIGERIA SUMMIT ON NATIONAL SECURITY

MAY 25–26, 2016,
ABUJA, NIGERIA



B R O C H U R E

■ NATIONAL ANTHEM

Arise, O compatriots,
Nigeria's call obey
To serve our Fatherland
With love and strength and faith.
The labour of our heroes past
Shall never be in vain,
To serve with heart and might
One nation bound in freedom, peace and unity.

O God of creation
Direct our noble cause
Guide our leaders right
Help our youth the truth to know
In love and honesty to grow
And living just and true
Great lofty height attain
To build a nation where peace
And justice shall reign.

■ NATIONAL PLEDGE

I pledge to Nigeria my country
To be faithful loyal and honest
To serve Nigeria with all my strength
To defend her unity
And uphold her honour and glory
So help me God.



HIS EXCELLENCY
MUHAMMADU BUHARI GCFR
PRESIDENT, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE ARMED FORCES
OF FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA



HIS EXCELLENCY
PROFESSOR YEMI OSIBANJO
VICE PRESIDENT,
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA



DIRECTOR'S WELCOME REMARKS

As Africans, and Nigerians in particular, grapple with the various manifestations of growing pains – population overflow, dwindling natural resources, bureaucratic corruption, and burdensome bureaucracy, the debilitating sectarian violence and insurgencies of recent years make these growing pains even more painful. From West Africa to East Africa, Boko Haram and al-Shabab remind Africans and the global community that all is not well in the African continent; that ethnic divide, religious tensions, cultural differences, bad governance, and the scramble for Africa's natural resources by foreign interests have brought about immense transformational impulses and pressures that are beyond the institutional capacities of constituent states. As a consequence, disaffected groups deprived of access to modern existence, effective public service, essential social infrastructure, and functional educational facilities have chosen to take up arms against their fellow Africans.

The atrocities of Boko Haram in northern Nigeria remain unspeakable, as it is despicable; the total disregard for human life and the social institutions that define Nigeria as a nation-state makes the group a scourge that must be contained and neutralized either through diplomacy or muscular intervention. In the midst of a rapidly contracting economy, unsustainable high unemployment, and an inflation rate that threatens the economic viability of the average citizen,

the existential threats of terrorism from competing groups in northern and southern Nigeria properly engage, and offend our collective sensibilities. And because the territorial integrity of the Chad Basin nation-states has been breached by foreign fighters sympathetic to the claims and grievances of their religious and cultural affiliates in Nigeria, the regional and potential global reach of Boko Haram is no longer speculative.

The global community is at risk from the likes of Boko Haram; to curb this risk, a responsible and effective set of policy measures must be deployed with proper care to protect the innocent and basic human rights. These insurgents, in as much as their acts against humanity are despicable, have grievances that must be addressed; and the sooner the better. This summit is designed to find means to redress their grievances, and to end all forms of terroristic acts against civilized polities through humane and expedient means. Sometimes the use of force to subdue those bent on destabilizing societies is unavoidable, but first, peacefully engage and listen.

Welcome to the summit!

Professor John O. Ifediora

Director and Editor-in-chief

Council on African Security And Development



ASSISTANT DIRECTOR'S ADDRESS

Human rights law requires the State to take steps to protect the right to life – which includes measures that will prevent terrorism. These measures must be legitimate, proportionate and must not undermine human values. State-ordered or state-sponsored counter-insurgency tactics have proven to exacerbate local grievances and push youths to join armed groups, thereby further alienating communities whose support is essential to combatting militancy. I believe that Boko Haram can, and must be fought within a human rights framework, and the need to not only rely on counterterrorism measures, but diplomacy, dialogue, effective intelligence gathering and the rule of law. Our people say that wisdom is like a baobab tree - no one individual can embrace it. It is against this background that we have organized this summit to produce ideas that will help contain the threats of insurgency and sectarian conflicts in Nigeria. Thank you for coming.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Jake Okechukwu Effoduh'.

Jake Okechukwu Effoduh
Assistant Director and Fellow
Council on African Security and Development



IPCR

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A NOTE OF WELCOME BY THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE INSTITUTE FOR PEACE AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION (IPCR), PROFESSOR OSHITA OSANG OSHITA, fspsp, AT THE NIGERIA SUMMIT ON NATIONAL SECURITY 2016, HELD AT THE TRANSCORP HILTON, ABUJA, MAY 25-26, 2016.

Your Excellencies, very distinguished ladies and gentlemen. The search for durable solutions to the hydra-headed problems of terrorism and insurgency throughout the world is one that all well-meaning people and institutions are happy to identify with. The Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution (IPCR), an agency of the Federal Government of Nigeria, was established in February, 2000, under the Administration of President Olusegun Obasanjo, GCFR. The legal personality of the IPCR is traced to the National Assembly Act 34 of year 2007.

The IPCR is both a research and intervention agency, a think-tank comprising six Directorates – Research and Policy Analysis, Democracy and Development Studies, Defence and Security Studies, Internal Conflict Prevention and Resolution, External Conflict Prevention and Resolution and Finance and Administration. Each Directorate is headed by an officer of the directorate cadre. The Director General is the chief executive and chief research officer of the institute. As an institution committed to the conduct of in-depth empirical research into the root causes of conflicts and how to prevent, and/or peacefully resolve them, IPCR adopts multidisciplinary approach in its work. The current emphasis of the IPCR is to facilitate the institution of a national architecture for peace in Nigeria through systematic programming around infrastructure for peacebuilding and dialogue promotion in the country. To do this, the Institute is forging a network of partnerships and collaborations with different state and non-state organizations.

Today, the Nigeria Summit on National Security is one of the endeavours by the Institute to partner in the search for durable solutions to the challenges of insecurity in Nigeria. The activities of insurgents, particularly in the North East geo-political region of Nigeria, have for some time stretched the resources and capacities of the security forces in Nigeria close to their limits. Gladly, on assuming the Presidency on May 29, 2015, His Excellency, President Muhammadu Buhari, GCFR, brought renewed impetus to the fight against insurgency, resulting



in the degrading of the capacity of the insurgent groups to perpetuate wanton destruction of lives and property.

The partnership between the IPCR and the Council on African Security and Development (CASADE), University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA, is thus to give fillip to the commendable efforts of the Federal Government and the security forces in Nigeria in their final push against insurgency. As researchers, practitioners and diplomats of different persuasions gather in Nigeria today, we hope to harvest their rich insights to complement the determined efforts of the Federal Government of Nigeria to kick insurgency out of the country and restore complete normalcy in the North East. We therefore look with expectations to the contributions of the experts of international repute in dealing with violent extremism and resolving the crisis of insecurity in Nigeria. Among other things, we look forward to ideas on the systematic post-conflict reconstruction of the devastated areas in parts of our country. We very much look forward to having recommendations that will lead to the implementation of innovative and sustainable pathways into a future of peace and prosperity in Nigeria. The IPCR is glad, therefore, to welcome the array of personalities that are here assembled at the Transcorp Hilton, Nigeria, to attend this important summit.

The expectations of the management of the Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution, and indeed that of our partner, CASADE, is that this summit will provide us with fresh and robust energies and tools to add to the creative tools in the toolbox for dealing with insurgency-induced insecurity in Nigeria. The Federal Government has made phenomenal progress in prosecuting the war against insurgency during the last one year and everyone must contribute ideas and other resources that will leverage this commendable progress. The Institute welcomes all our speakers, panellists and invited guests to Nigeria and urges everyone to take full advantage of the traditional hospitality of the Nigerian People during the Summit.

Prof. Oshita O. Oshita *fspsp*
Director General



NIGERIA SUMMIT ON NATIONAL SECURITY 2016

THEME: CONFRONTING AND CONTAINING THREATS FROM TERRORISM AND SECTARIAN INSURGENCY

RATIONALE FOR THE SUMMIT

The brutality and viciousness of recent terroristic and sectarian attacks on civilian populations in Nigeria, and around the world were previously unthinkable. The Boko Haram killings in Northern Nigeria, the beheadings by ISIS and their murderous assaults in Paris, and the Al Shabaab slaughters in Kenya, have compelled the international community, and Nigeria in particular, to rethink national security paradigms, prompting a reflection on the difficult questions of how, when and where the next deadly attack would occur. Mindful that modern terror groups now have at their disposal an array of vectors to choose from in seeking maximum damage to society and critical national infrastructures, public institutions responsible for national defense and security must now devote crucial resources to intelligence gathering, and formulation of strategies to mitigate and counter threats.

In Northern Nigeria and in the surrounding regions, Boko Haram has killed and maimed more innocent civilians in the past year than ISIS and Al Shabaab combined. In 2014 alone it killed 6,644 people, surpassing ISIS, which killed 6,073, thus making it the deadliest terrorist group in 2014 according to a report by Global Terrorism Index. Boko Haram's murderous attacks make no apologies for its nature as a threat that requires serious attention; and so far it has managed to get the attention of the international community as a bloodthirsty cabal. As the Nigerian Military continues its commendable battle push, the approach taken in the past to contain and neutralize Boko Haram requires further robustness and sophistication to ensure a meaningful outcome. A broader approach is required; relying on counterterrorism measures in near exclusion of diplomacy, dialogue, and effective intelligence gathering misses the bigger picture of containment, and stabilization of the region.

The complexity of modern terrorist groups is profound, and so are the sources of their inspiration. But in the mix of the various confounding uncertainties there is consensus that such groups are inspired or unified by a multi-dimensional cause, and thus may not be “defeated” by a unilateral solution – the root causes of insurgency are complex, the solution must be no less so.

That national security and homeland defense are topical concerns in recent years should not surprise a well-vested polity that relies on a trusted partnership between policy makers in the public sector and the citizenry. Such trusted partnership is achieved and nourished through meaningful and regular dialogue that create a shared sense of the current state of affairs of the nation's safety, its level of intelligence-gathering, and pressing priorities. Together, they enable a better understanding of present and future capabilities to deal with potentially destabilizing domestic and trans-border criminal groups.

THE SUMMIT

This summit shall serve as a forum for substantive and impactful exchange of information, and discussion of acquired knowledge on domestic security strategies, protection of civilian populations and critical national infrastructures, and how the private sector can assist the

government in intelligence gathering, and deterrence. The two-day conference will bring together thought leaders in the public, private, and academic sectors to foster dialogue on threats posed by domestic and international terrorist groups, effective counterintelligence, and when muscular intervention is necessary to contain and neutralize such threats.

The summit will also focus on the future of education and skill development in the cyber domain to protect critical data in financial and commercial sectors. The vulnerability of financial institutions and industries reliant on modern communication technologies to terrorism is now more pronounced than ever. The discussions would highlight the need to develop cyber-security as a multi-disciplinary body of knowledge with academic curriculum. Panelists would stress the importance of staying current, highlighting cyber half-life, and the rapid pace of change in cyber and technology fields. This should foster discussion on how to change the educational outlook, and how to incorporate younger students into apprenticeship programs that facilitate the acquisition of marketable skills; this approach recognizes the importance of investing in human capital early on and the need to build partnership programs that offer meaningful employment opportunities for youths vulnerable to radicalization.

In addition, thought leaders from the federal and public sectors will explore emerging issues in the domains of cyber operations, airport security, innovative technologies, and responsive intelligence policies in several plenary sessions. These sessions shall bring together past and present military experts, active and engaged civilians, policy makers, and members of the intelligence community who share a common vision of a secure and prosperous Africa. On this occasion, we come together to not only articulate our answers to the security challenges and opportunities that face African nations, but to strategize on how to present received conclusions and suggestions to the public and government.

It is in this spirit and understanding that the Council on African Security and Development at the University of Wisconsin Research Park, USA, and the Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution (IPCR) of the Nigerian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, are pleased to host the Nigeria Summit on National Security 2016, holding on May 25–26, 2016, in Abuja, Nigeria. The two-day summit is featuring internationally recognized names in global security as principal speakers: Anders Fogh Rasmussen, former Secretary-General of NATO, who also served as Prime Minister of Denmark, and President of the European Union; Professor Ibrahim Gambari, former Nigerian Minister of Foreign Affairs; Dr. James Stavridis, a retired 4-star Admiral of the United States Navy who served as the 16th Supreme Allied Commander of NATO; and Dr. John Campbell, former US ambassador to Nigeria, and currently a senior fellow at the Council on Foreign Relations.

An international body of experts from the allied fields of national security and development will provide depth and breadth to the summit as panelists and discussants. Notable amongst them are General T. Y. Danjuma (Rtd), former Nigerian Minister of Defence; Lt. General Greame Lamb (Rtd.), former director of United Kingdom Special Forces and commander of British Field army, and now a fellow at Yale University; Ambassador Emmanuel Imohe, former Director-General of Nigerian National Intelligence Agency; and Dr. Kalu I. Kalu, former Nigerian minister of finance.

The list of invited participants include Nigeria's Chief of Defence Staff, the National Security Adviser, the Sultan of Sokoto, and governors of northern Nigeria who have firsthand knowledge of the deadly consequences of insurgencies, other state governors, and policy makers. The complete list of participants will be featured on the summit's website. The President of Nigeria, Muhammadu Buhari, GCFR; Nigeria's Minister of Defense, Mansur Mohammed Dan Ali; and Minister of State, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Hon. Khadija Buka A. Ibrahim, have standing invitations to the summit.

SHORT BIOGRAPHIES OF PRINCIPAL SPEAKERS AND PANELISTS



ANDERS FOGH RASMUSSEN

Anders Fogh Rasmussen has been at the center of European and global politics for three decades as Secretary General of NATO, Prime Minister of Denmark, Danish Minister of Economic Affairs, and a leading Danish parliamentarian.

In 1998, Rasmussen became chairman of the Liberal Party and leader of the Danish opposition. In the parliamentary elections of 2001, his party won a landslide victory and became the biggest party in the Danish parliament. He formed his first government, and became Prime Minister of a coalition consisting of the Liberal Party and the Conservative People's Party. His government was re-elected in 2005 and 2007 respectively, and he held the position as Prime Minister until he was elected as future NATO Secretary General at the Strasbourg-Kehl Summit in April 2009.

During the Danish Presidency of the European Union from July to December 2002, Rasmussen played a key role in concluding the accession negotiations with 10 candidates for EU-membership. Rasmussen has often mentioned the EU Summit in Copenhagen in December 2002 as a truly historic event and one of the highlights of his political career. He firmly believes that the enlargements of the EU and NATO have contributed to peace, progress and prosperity in Europe.

Rasmussen took office as the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's 12th Secretary General on August 1, 2009 and held that position until September 30, 2014. His tenure marked a fundamental transformation of the Alliance. Rasmussen oversaw the Alliance's operational peak with six operations on three continents including Afghanistan, Kosovo and Libya, as well as counter-piracy along the Somali coast, a training mission in Iraq and a counter-terrorism operation in the Mediterranean.

He developed a new Strategic Concept, which sets the Alliance's core priorities for the future. In the midst of the most serious economic crisis in recent time, he launched "Smart Defense" to help nations make more efficient use of their resources through more multinational cooperation. And in response to Russia's aggression against Ukraine, he initiated a "Readiness Action Plan" adopted by Heads of State at a historic summit in Wales to strengthen the collective defense to an unprecedented level since the end of the Cold War. A reformer who made the Alliance leaner and more efficient, Rasmussen also extended and strengthened NATO's partnerships with nations around the world, making it the hub of a network of international security partnerships. He is a graduate of Aarhus University, and Harvard.



GENERAL T. Y. DANJUMA (RTD.)

General T.Y. Danjuma (rtd.), has played significant and transformative roles in Nigeria since the country's inception as a nation-state. His firm belief in democratic reforms and the rule of law are evident in his various official capacities as the Chief of Army Staff from 1975 to 1979, and the country's Minister of Defence in 1999. Since his retirement from the military he has remained active in philanthropy, politics, and socio-economic activities in Nigeria. Of late he served as the chairman of the Victim's Support Fund, an entity that provides material assistance to victims of terror such as the Chibok School girls kidnapped by Boko Haram.

TY Danjuma's nineteen-year career in the military is as impressive as his recent achievements in the business world and philanthropy. Rising to the rank of Lieutenant General, he subsequently served as the Chief of Army Staff, a position he held until he retired from the military in 1979. Upon retirement General Danjuma took on an active role in business, and as a statesman in various capacities. In 2003 he chaired the investigative committee on the Warri conflict, and in 2010 he was nominated to serve as the Chairman of the Presidential Advisory Council. In a speech delivered at the Presidential Villa in Abuja, on July 16, 2014, Danjuma expressed his concern on the apparent lack of strong initiative against the insurgency of Boko Haram. He told then President, Goodluck Jonathan, that the terrorist group

“appeared to be having the upper hand, as they choose where to strike and capture territory, pointing out that the battle to win the insurgency war has already taken too long.” His charitable organization, the TY Danjuma Foundation, has been instrumental in poverty mitigation, and regional development in Nigeria.



PROFESSOR IBRAHIM A. GAMBARI

Professor Ibrahim A. Gambari. Prior to joining the United Nations Secretariat as Under-Secretary-General in December 1999, Professor Ibrahim Gambari holds the record of being the longest serving Ambassador/Permanent Representative of Nigeria to the United Nations (January 1990 to October 1999). He was appointed Director-General of the Nigerian Institute of International Affairs in October 1983, a position he held until his appointment as the Minister of External Affairs of Nigeria. As Nigeria's Ambassador and Permanent Representative to the United Nations, Professor Gambari has been a senior member of the Nigerian Delegation to ten consecutive sessions of the General Assembly (44th to 54th); he also served as President of the Security Council on two occasions (May 1994 and October 1995). He has chaired the UN Special Committee Against Apartheid, which successfully saw the demise of that long-standing social injustice and the establishment of democratic rule in South Africa. He has led several United Nations Missions, including the Special Committee Against Apartheid Mission to South Africa and the Security Council Missions to South Africa, Burundi, Rwanda and Mozambique. Professor Gambari chaired the UN Special Committee on Peace-Keeping Operations from 1990-1999. He served as member, Board of Trustees of the United Nations Institute of Training and Research (UNITAR) from 1993 to 1999 and also President, Executive Board of UNICEF (January to December, 1999).

Professor Gambari has held professorial appointments at Johns Hopkins University School of Advanced International Studies, at Georgetown University, and Ahmadu Bello University amongst others; he is also the pioneer Chancellor of Kwara State University. Professor Gambari holds a B.Sc. from the London School of Economics, M.A. and Ph.D. from Columbia University. He is the founder of the Savannah Centre for Diplomacy, Democracy and Development, a non-governmental "think-tank" being established in Abuja, Nigeria, devoted to critical analyses of and solutions to the problems of conflict prevention, management and resolution, democratization and sustainable development in Africa.



ADMIRAL JAMES STAVRIDIS (RTD.)

Admiral James Stavridis (rtd.), a 4-star Admiral, was the 16th Supreme Allied Commander at NATO, where he oversaw operations in Afghanistan, Libya, Syria, the Balkans, and piracy off the coast of Africa. He also commanded US Southern Command in Miami, charged with military operations through Latin America for nearly three years. He was the longest serving Combatant Commander in recent US history. In the course of his career in the Navy, he served as senior military assistant to the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of Defense. He led the Navy's premier operational think tank for innovation, Deep Blue, immediately after the 9/11 attacks. He won the Battenberg Cup for commanding the top ship in the Atlantic Fleet and the Navy League John Paul Jones Award for Inspirational leadership, along more than 50 US and international medals and decorations, including 28 from foreign nations. He also commanded a Destroyer Squadron and a Carrier Strike Group, both in combat. He earned a PhD from The Fletcher School at Tufts University where he now serves as the Dean of The Fletcher School.



AMBASSADOR EMMANUEL E. IMOHE

Ambassador Emmanuel E. Imohe is the Chairman of Nigerian Presidential Committee on Small Arms and Light Weapons, and President of the 2016 Arms Trade Treaty Conference of State Parties. Between 2007 and 2009, he served as the Director-General of National Intelligence Agency (NIA). He remains very active in seeking holistic solutions to illegal arms proliferation across national borders.



LT. GEN. SIR GRAEME LAMB

Lieutenant General Sir Graeme Lamb is a former director of UK Special Forces and Commander of the British Field Army. He was Deputy Commander to US General Petraeus in Iraq and key adviser to US General McChrystal in Afghanistan. He graduated from The Royal Military Academy at Sandhurst, and was commissioned into The Queen's Own Highlanders. He went on to command conventional, airborne and Special Forces in operations in virtually all of the UK's major conflicts.

In 2009, he stepped down as Commander of the Field Army and returned to Afghanistan at the direct request of General David Petraeus and General Stanley McChrystal of the US Army to head a program designed to repeat the success achieved in Iraq where insurgents were persuaded to give up their arms. He is a fellow at Yale University Institute for Global Affairs.



AMBASSADOR JOHN CAMPBELL

Ambassador John Campbell is the Ralph Bunche senior fellow for Africa policy studies at the Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) in New York. From 1975 to 2007, Ambassador Campbell served as a U.S. Department of State Foreign Service officer. He served twice in Nigeria, as political counselor from 1988 to 1990, and as the US ambassador to Nigeria from 2004 to 2007. Ambassador Campbell's additional overseas postings include Lyon, Paris, Geneva, and Pretoria. He also served as deputy assistant secretary for human resources, dean of the Foreign Service Institute's School of Language Studies, and director of the Office of UN Political Affairs.

From 2007 to 2008, he was a visiting professor of international relations at the University of Wisconsin-Madison. He was also a Department of State mid-career fellow at the Woodrow Wilson School, Princeton University. Prior to his career in the Foreign Service, he taught British and French history at Mary Baldwin College in Staunton, Virginia. Ambassador Campbell received a BA and MA from the University of Virginia and a PhD in seventeenth century English history from the University of Wisconsin-Madison. Rowman & Littlefield published his book, *Nigeria: Dancing on the Brink*. The second edition was published in June 2013. He writes the blog "Africa in Transition" and edits the Nigeria Security Tracker.



PROFESSOR JOHN IFEDIORA

Professor John Ifediora is the Director and Editor-in-Chief of the Council on African Security And Development. An economist and attorney at law, he specializes on public policy analysis, development economics, and international law. For over twenty years, he has lectured widely in these fields at various universities in the United States, Europe, and Africa; and has served as a consultant to governments in Africa, and to state governments in the United States. In recent years, he advised the Wisconsin Department of Revenue on its Tax Incidence Study, served as a special consultant to the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago in its economic impact study, advised Illinois State Senate on the economic impact of the state lottery on the economy of Chicago, and provided guidance on public healthcare initiatives at the federal level to various African governments.

Professor Ifediora has authored and co-authored books and articles in economics, International law, and public policy, and remains very active in development programs in Africa. As a career academic, he served as the chair of the Economics Department at the University of Wisconsin at Platteville, where he established and directed the Center for Applied public Policy. He is the founder and director of Mobile Medics For Africa, a non-profit organization that provides guidance on modern healthcare delivery systems in Africa.

He earned a B.A. from Dakota Wesleyan University; M.A. from the University of Chicago; M.St. from Oxford; M.S. from Cambridge; Juris Doctor (JD), from University of Wisconsin-Madison Law School; Ph.D. in Development Economics/Applied Economics from University of Wisconsin-Madison; Ph.D. in Economics/Public Policy Analysis from University of Illinois at Chicago; and did his post-graduate studies in economics at the London School of Economics.



DR. KALU I. KALU

Dr. Kalu I. Kalu has in the past served as the Chairman, Board of Governors, African Development Bank and has been a member of the Development Committee of the World Bank. His public sector career in Nigeria commenced when he served as Commissioner of Finance and Economic Planning in Imo State, Nigeria. At the federal level, Dr. Kalu served as the Minister of Finance on two occasions, from 1985 to 1986 and 1993 to 1994. He also served as the Minister of National Planning from 1986 to 1987 and thereafter the Minister of Transport from 1987 to 1989. He holds a PhD in Economics from the University of Wisconsin-Madison where he was Research Fellow, and subsequently worked as Country Economist in the East Asia and Pacific Program Department of the World Bank.



PROFESSOR MICHAEL UMALE ADIKWU

Professor Michael Umale Adikwu is the Vice Chancellor of the University of Abuja. He has published over 170 scholarly articles, and has been the recipient of various international awards in recognition of his contributions to advances in Sciences. In support of his academic activities, he has received research grants from many local and international bodies such as The Royal Society of Chemistry of Great Britain; The Third World Academy of Sciences; The International Foundation for Science, Sweden; The Raw Materials Research and Development Council, Abuja.

Prior to his current appointment at the University of Abuja, Professor Adikwu was a visiting professor The University of Manchester, UK. In February 2009 he was elected Fellow of Nigerian Academy of Science, and was the National Project Coordinator for Science and Technology Education Post-Basic (STEP-B) Project in the Federal Ministry of Education, Abuja. He received his Doctorate and other degrees from the University of Nigeria, Nsukka.



PROFESSOR OSHITA O. OSHITA

Professor Oshita O. Oshita is the Director-General of the Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution (IPCR), Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Nigeria. He is an expert in Governance, Peace and Conflict Studies, Development Programming and Security Sector reform. Professor Oshita has consulted for Humanitarian Dialogue, Geneva, GIZ, USAID, Catholic Relief Services, WACSI, ECOWAS (Political Affairs Department and Early Warning Directorate), UNICEF, UNESCO, UNDP-DPA New York/Uganda, among others. He coordinated Nigeria's first Strategic Conflict Assessment (SCA) jointly sponsored by the UNDP, World Bank, USAID and DFID. He also led the UNICEF-IPCR national processes for Mainstreaming Peace-building in Development Programming. Professor Oshita led Nigeria's pioneer efforts in the development of a Draft National Peace Policy for the country, and a member of various professional associations, including the British International Studies Association (BISA), the Network for African Peace builders, and the Society for Peace Studies and Practice (SPSP), where he served as FCT Coordinator and later was 2nd Vice President. He is a fellow of the Society of Peace Studies and Practice (fspsp) and distinguished Ambassador for Peace of the UN POLAC Peace Programme. His current research interests include Peace building, Peace Education, Conflict-sensitive development programming, Post-conflict peace-building, Community early warning systems, and Public Policy Analysis.

Professor Oshita O. Oshita is a Chevening scholar of the British Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO), and holds a Bachelor of Arts in Philosophy (2nd Class Upper), MA in Philosophy, Post-Graduate Diploma in Environmental Education, MA in Conflict Resolution, and a PhD in the Philosophy of Social Science. He was educated at the Universities of Calabar and Ibadan in Nigeria, and Bradford University, United Kingdom. He is a trainer and facilitator, and has published locally and internationally; in 2011 he was appointed Professor of Peace and Development Studies. As Director-General of IPCR he effectively involved the institute in programming around violence-free 2015 general elections and related activities before, during after the elections in Nigeria. He also worked with the National Peace Committee for 2015 general elections.



DR JACOBUS KAMFER (JAKKIE) CILLIERS

Dr Jacobus Kamfer (Jakkie) Cilliers was, until December 2015, the Executive Director of the Institute for Security Studies (ISS). He now serves as Chairperson of the Board of Trustees and head of African Futures & Innovation at the ISS. He was born in Stellenbosch, South Africa, and in 1990 co-founded the Institute for Defence Policy, and subsequently played an important role in the transformation of the South African armed forces and the institution of civilian control over the military in the period 1990 to 1996. At present most of Dr Cilliers interests relate to issues around African futures.

Dr Cilliers has presented numerous papers at conferences and seminars and has published a number of books on various matters relating to peace and security in Africa, and serves on the editorial boards of the African Security Review and the South African Journal of International Affairs. He is a regular commentator on local and international radio and television programs, and is an Extraordinary Professor in the Centre of Human Rights and the Department of Political Sciences, Faculty of Humanities at the University of Pretoria. He has a B. Mil (B.A.) from the University of Stellenbosch and a Hons. B.A., M.A. (cum laude) and DLitt et Phil from the University of South Africa (UNISA).



PROFESSOR JONATHAN LEAPE

Professor Jonathan Leape is the Executive Director of the International Growth Centre at the London School of Economics. He is a professor of economics at the London School of Economic and was previously director of the highly innovative “LSE 100 The LSE Course: Understanding the Causes of Things” since 2009. He was the founding director of the Centre for Research into Economics and Finance in Southern Africa, which was established at LSE in 1990 as an initiative of the Commonwealth Heads of Government to support the democratic transition in South Africa. His research interests centre on public economics. He has a PhD in Economics from Harvard University and degrees from Oxford University and Harvard University.



GRAEME WOOD

Graeme Wood is the Edward R. Murrow Press Fellow at the Council on Foreign Relations and a correspondent for The Atlantic magazine. He has lectured widely on the Islamic State group to government and academic audiences, and he is currently finishing a book on IS foreign fighters, to be published this summer by Random House. He studied at Harvard and Indiana Universities, the American University in Cairo, and Deep Springs College, and he is a lecturer in political science at Yale University.



ANGELA MARIE DIKONGUE-ATANGANA

Angela Marie Dikongue-Atangana is the United Nations High Commission On Refugees Country Representative to Nigeria and ECOWAS

Mme Angèle Marie Dikongué-Atangana took up her position as UNHCR Representative to Nigeria and ECOWAS in August 2012. Before taking up her current position, Mme Dikongué-Atangana served for four years as UNHCR Representative to Benin. She also served as Senior Desk Officer to the Regional Bureau for Africa (RBA), she also worked as the Senior Regional Legal Advisor to the RBA and in the Division of International Protection (DIP) at the UNHCR Headquarters in Geneva, Switzerland. She has further served with UNHCR in Cote D'Ivoire and Rwanda, based in Kenya as a Protection Officer and Field Officer (Protection), respectively.

Prior to joining UNHCR, Mme. Dikongué-Atangana worked as Associate Human Rights Observer in the Office of the UN High Commission for Human Rights in Rwanda, a Legal Consultant for the Société Civile Immobilière and UNI-EUROPE-Insurance and as an International Negotiation Assistant for an International Negotiation and Trade Firm, all in Paris-France.

She is a trained lawyer with over 20 years of experience with UNHCR. She has a First Degree in Private Law from the University of Toulon et du Var in France, M.Sc. in Business & Fiscal Law, M.Sc. in Insurance Law from the University of Pantheon-Assas, Paris, in France and a Supplementary Diploma in International Public Law from the Graduate School of International Studies, Geneva, Switzerland.



DR. OLUFEMI ELIAS

Dr. Olufemi Elias is the Legal Adviser and Director at the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons.

Dr Olufemi Elias is the Legal Adviser and Director at the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) . Prior to that, he was the Executive Secretary of the World Bank Administrative Tribunal. He was previously Senior Legal Officer at the OPCW, a legal adviser, and subsequently a Special Assistant to the Executive Secretary, at the United Nations Compensation Commission. He is an Associate Member of the Institut de Droit International. He has taught international law at several universities and is a Visiting Professor in international law at Queen Mary University of London. He is a member of the Nigerian Bar. He holds the degree of Bachelor of Arts in Jurisprudence from the University of Oxford, a Master of Law in international law from the University of Cambridge and a doctorate in international law from University College, London. He is the Secretary-General of the African Association of International Law and a member of the Executive Council of the American Society of International Law. He has written and edited several books and articles on various aspects of international law.



SALAMATU H. SULEIMAN

Salamatu H. Suleiman, ECOWAS Commissioner for Political Affairs, Peace and Security.

Mrs. Salamatu H. Suleiman, Commissioner for Political Affairs, Peace and Security at ECOWAS is a lawyer with thirty-one years of experience. Mrs. Suleiman has served in various senior capacities in both private and public sectors. In 2008 she was appointed the Minister of Women Affairs and Social Development of the Federal Government of Nigeria; in 2010 she assumed the office of the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, a position she held before her appointment as Commissioner for Political Affairs, Peace and Security at ECOWAS.

Mrs. Suleiman holds a Masters Degree in Law (LLM) from London School of Economic and Political Science (1987) and has attended various professional and development course over the years. In addition to contributing to the formulation and implementation of various strategic development policies while serving as Minister, she still actively supports gender and humanitarian issues, particularly the empowerment of women and the less privileged through various platforms.



SENATOR SHEHU SANI

Senator Shehu Sani, Deputy Chair of the Committee of Foreign Affairs.

Senator Shehu Sani is a prolific author, playwright and a Human Rights Activist. Prior to his election to the federal senatorial seat, he served as the President of the Civil Rights Congress of Nigeria (CRCN) and the Chairman of Hand-in-Hand, Africa. He was a leading figure in the struggle for the restoration of democracy in Nigeria, and has been arrested and jailed by past successive military regimes in Nigeria but released from life imprisonment when Democracy was restored in Nigeria in 1999. He currently serves as the Deputy Chair of the committee on Foreign Affairs, and has published over ten books on varied topics that reflect his experiences in public life.



MAJOR GENERAL MOSES BISONG OBI

Major General Moses Bisong Obi, First Commander of the UN Mission in Sudan.

In 2010, Major General Moses Bisong Obi was appointed by the UN Secretary-General as the commander of the United Nations Mission in Sudan (UNMISS). Major General Obi had served two distinguished roles in other United Nations' peacekeeping missions – as Platoon Commander in the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, and as Deputy Sector Commander in UN Mission in Sierra Leone. In other international constituent bodies, he served as the Commanding officer of the ECOWAS Monitoring Group (ECOMOG), as the Commanding Officer of the Multi-national Joint Task Force Operation in Lake Chad, and Acting Commander of the ECOMOG Ground Task Force in Liberia. He retired from the Nigerian military in 2012.



THE RT. HON. NNENA UKEJE

The Right Honourable Nnena Ukeje, Chairperson of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, Nigeria.

Nigeria Federal House Representative Nnenna Ukeje chairs the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. She is a twice-elected member of the Federal House of Representatives. Mrs. Ukeje has served in various legislative capacities, and has consistently been a powerful voice for civil rights and the rights of women. Her legislative activities and experience extend into the realms of good governance, judicial use of petroleum resources, and accountability. She was educated at the University of Benin and the University of Lagos.



KHADIJA BUKAR ABBA IBRAHIM

Khadija Bukar Abba Ibrahim, Nigeria, Minister of state for Foreign Affairs.

Khadija Bukar Abba Ibrahim is the current Nigeria Minister of State for Foreign Affairs. Prior to her current position, she was a three-time member of the House of Representatives for Yobe State, and in this capacity served in various legislative oversight committees that include: Deputy Chair of the House Committee on Rural Development, Deputy Chair, House Committee on Communications, and Chair, House Committee on Rural Privatization and Commercialization. She also served as a member of other House Committees on Power, Water Resources, Appropriations, and Women's Affairs. At the state level, she served the State of Yobe as Commissioner for Transport and Energy, and Resident Commissioner for NICON Insurance. She is a recipient of various humanitarian and leadership awards.



DR. SAMUEL ORTOM

Dr. Samuel Ortom, Executive Governor of Benue State, Nigeria

Dr. Ortom, for three years (2012 -2015), was a member of the Federal government cabinet as the Minister of State for Industry, Trade and Investment. In 2015 he was elected the executive Governor of Benue State. He is a graduate of Ahmadu Bello University, and received his Doctorate from the Commonwealth University at Belize; he has published widely on governance and public policy. Recently, Benue State has experienced armed conflict and unrest amongst its ethnic groups, and from externally inspired militancy.



JAMIE TRINIDAD

Jamie Trinidad is a Fellow of Wolfson College, University of Cambridge. His academic research focuses on international territorial disputes, public international law, self-determination and human rights. His work has been published in leading journals such as the International and Comparative Law Quarterly, the Cambridge Law Journal and the Cambridge Review of International Affairs. He holds an M.St from Oxford, and Ph.D. from Cambridge.



PROFESSOR OBIORA CHINEDU OKAFOR

Professor Obiora Chinedu Okafor is the University Research Chair in International and Transnational Legal Studies and a tenured Full Professor of Law at the Osgoode Hall Law School of York University, Toronto, Canada. He has served as a Visiting Professor at the International Institute of Human Rights, Strasbourg, France, the Nigerian Institute of Advanced Legal Studies, and a number of other universities.

He is a former Chairperson and current member of the UN Human Rights Council Advisory Committee. He has also served as an expert panelist for the United Nations Working Group on People of African Descent, and as an expert consultant for bodies such as the Economic Community of West African States, the Office of the Legal Adviser of the United Nations, the British Department for International Development, and the Committee on Human Rights of the Nigerian House of Representatives.

The General Editor of the international journal, the Transnational Human Rights Review, Professor Okafor has published extensively in the fields of international and transnational law. He is the author or editor of six (6) published books, from such publishing houses as Cambridge University Press and Martinus Nijhoff; and of two other forthcoming ones. Professor Okafor has also published over seventy (80) journal articles and other scholarly writings.



JAKE OKECHUKWU EFFODUH

Jake Okechukwu Effoduh, Fellow and Assistant Director, Council On African Security And Development.

Jake Okechukwu Effoduh is a Research Fellow with the Nigerian Institute of Advanced Legal Studies [NIALS]. He is also a Visiting Researcher (Nathanson) at Osgoode Hall Law School, York University in Canada. He is actively involved in human rights research and development and has also been a freelance journalist for the BBC Media Action in Nigeria since 2006. Jake has worked with several organizations in Nigeria and the United Kingdom. He has consulted at the African Commission on Human and Peoples Rights and engaged at the UN Human Rights Council. He has published several academic papers and has co-edited two books: Handbook on the Rules of engagement for the Nigerian Military and Corporate Governance and Responsibility. He holds a Master's degree in Law from Oxford.

PROGRAMME

NIGERIA SUMMIT ON NATIONAL SECURITY 2016
CONFRONTING AND CONTAINING THREATS FROM
TERRORISM AND SECTARIAN INSURGENCY, MAY 25 – MAY 26, 2016

PRE EVENT: TUESDAY, MAY 24.

4:00pm – 5:00pm	Press Conference with Anders F. Rasmussen, Former Secretary-General of NATO; Amb. John Campbell, Former U.S Ambassador to Nigeria, and Prof. John Ifediora, Editor in Chief and Director of CASADE
4:00pm – 5:00pm	Twitter Chat with Jake Okechukwu Effoduh, Assistant Director of CASADE
4:00pm – 5:00pm	Reception for Former Secretary-General of NATO, Anders F. Rasmussen, and Ambassador John Campbell, former US Ambassador to Nigeria at Transcorp Hilton (Rivers Hall).

SUMMIT AGENDA:

DAY 1: WEDNESDAY, MAY 25	
8:00 AM – 9:00 AM	Registration and Arrival
9:20AM - 9:40AM	National Anthem/National Prayer
9: 50 – 10:15AM	Welcome Remarks and Introduction of the Summit by Professor John O. Ifediora, University of Wisconsin, and Director of the Council on African Security and Development (CASADE)
10:20AM -10:30AM	Introduction of the keynote speaker By Professor Oshita O. Oshita, Director-General, Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution (IPCR), Ministry of Foreign Affairs.
10:35 AM- 11:05AM	Keynote address by Former NATO Secretary-General, Anders Fogh Rasmussen

DAY 1: WEDNESDAY, MAY 25 CONTINUED	
11:10AM - 11:30AM	Remarks by President of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, His Excellency Muhammadu Buhari.
11:40AM – 12 Noon	Group photographs of dignitaries for the opening ceremony
12 NOON – 12: 40PM	Coffee/Tea Break
SESSION ONE: 12:50PM – 1:50PM	<p>The surge of insurgency/terrorism in recent times: Social and economic consequences.</p> <p>Principal Speaker and Chair, Ambassador John Campbell.</p> <p>Panelists: Prof. John O. Ifediora, Dr. Jakkie Cilliers, Angele Dikongue-Atangana.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A brief review of terroristic events in recent years is given, and known terrorist groups identified by name. • Destabilizing effects on civilian lives and social development • Disruption of economic activities • Negative effect on domestic and foreign direct investment essential for economic growth. • Killing, kidnapping and displacement of innocent citizens.
SESSION TWO: 2:00PM – 3:15PM	<p>Examination of the root causes of insurgency and militancy</p> <p>Chair, Ambassador Emmanuel Imohe</p> <p>Panelists: Dr. Olufemi Elias, Prof. Jonathan Leape, His Excellency Governor Ortom,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is there a religious component to modern recent waves of insurgency and terroristic attacks? Dispel or affirm the notion that religion plays a key role in modern insurgency. • Revenge for collateral damage done to relatives in the fight against terrorists as a motive to join a terrorist group. • Marginalization of vulnerable youths by political leaders through incompetence and corrupt practices. • Lack of access to modern facilities, and infrastructures in areas of conflict. • Poor education, lack of employment opportunities, and demonstration effect make radicalization possible.
SESSION THREE: 3:30PM – 4:30PM	<p>What can be done to contain and neutralize insurgency?</p> <p>Chair, Distinguished Senator Shehu Sani</p> <p>Panelists: Rt. Hon. Nnena Ukeje, Prof. Oshita O.Oshita, General Lamb, General Moses Obi.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective political leadership that addresses the needs of citizens • Meaningful participation of citizens via transmission of information to the government • Provision of affordable and effective education system • Education that imparts practical and technical skills • Re-examination of the policy of non-negotiation with terrorist groups • Addressing the needs of socially and economically isolated groups

DAY 2: THURSDAY, MAY 26	
8:00 AM – 9:00 AM	Registration and Arrival
9:15AM – 9:30AM	Welcome Remarks and Introduction of Professor Ibrahim Gambari as Keynote Speaker
9:30AM – 10:00AM	Keynote Address by Professor Ibrahim Gambari
SESSION FOUR: 10:15AM - 11: 15AM	<p>The role of the military and counter-intelligence Chair, General Moses Obi</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Panelists: General Lamb, Dr. Jakkie Cilliers, Professor Ibrahim Gambari, Counter-intelligence as a useful tool in early detection and monitoring of problem groups. Once insurgent groups have been identified and are now operational, what level of force should be deployed against them? What is being done to address the porosity of national borders? The mechanism in place to control dissemination of small arms and explosives. How safe are the nation's airports? Are they properly protected with modern security procedures and equipment?
SESSION FIVE: 11:20AM – 12:00AM	<p>Protecting the banking sector, airlines, and power supply, preventing the use of Chemical weapons, and cyber attacks Chair, Dr. Elias Olufemi Panelists: Dr. Jamie Trinidad, Rt. Hon. Nnena Ukeje,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How secure is the banking sector from cyber terrorism? Is the airline industry adequately monitored and screened? How vulnerable are the electricity grids from attacks? Should a government engaged in military operations against terrorists observe internationally recognized human rights in times of conflict? How can the government protect the public from the potential deployment chemical weapons by insurgents?
12:00 PM- 12:30 PM:	Coffee/Tea Break
SESSION SIX: 12: 45PM – 1:30PM	<p>The roles of the media and civilians in counterterrorism Chair, Professor Femi Adegbulu Panelists: Ambassador Campbell, Jake Okechukwu Effoduh,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> What is the appropriate role for the media in the war against terrorism? Should the media's role be defined by the principal duty to inform and disseminate information to the public? How critical is the active participation of civilians in information and intelligence gathering?

DAY 2: THURSDAY, MAY 26 CONTINUED

<p>SESSION SEVEN: 2:00PM – 3:13PM</p>	<p>Going Forward after the Insurgency and Terrorism Chair, Commissioner Angele Dikongue-Atangana Panelists: Professor Femi Adegbulu, Distinguished Senator Shehu Sani.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issues of Internally Displaced Persons • Building resilience and support of the civilian population • Political leadership in all the tiers of the government, and protection of human and civil rights • Building and sustaining Early Warning and Early Response mechanism • The need for continuous dialogue and vigilance by all vested interests, and observance of due process for those accused.
<p>3:00PM – 4:00PM</p>	<p>Conclusion and closing remarks</p>

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The Abuja Global Shapers is an initiative of the World Economic Forum comprising of young individuals under the age of 30, who are selected on the basis of their achievements, leadership potential and commitment to make a difference. Through the Global Shapers Community, Shapers are provided with opportunities to connect with the worldwide network of Global Shapers, to network with other World Economic Forum communities and to represent the voice of the youth at the World Economic Forum events. Shapers are united by a common desire to channel the members' tremendous energy and enthusiasm into building a more peaceful and inclusive world.

There are currently about 5,000 shapers in 453 hubs (cities) existing in about 170 countries and regions across the world. In Nigeria, there are 7 hubs namely in Abuja, Kano, Ibadan, Uyo, Calabar, Port Harcourt and Lagos.

The Abuja Global Shapers Hub (Abuja Hub) is made up of 29 exceptionally talented and diverse young Nigerians who are exceptional and have achieved great strides in fields ranging from agriculture to developmental economics, transportation, security, foreign service, politics, law, innovative technology, renewable energy, sports etc. As a Hub they have launched 14 initiatives that have affected millions of lives in Abuja and across several states in Nigeria.

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